

GE Healthcare

HiTrap–convenient protein purification

Column Guide



 HiTrap

Ion Exchange Chromatography (IEX)

IEX separates proteins with differences in charge. The separation is based on the reversible interaction between a charged protein and an oppositely charged chromatographic medium. Proteins bind as they are loaded onto a column. Conditions are then altered so that bound substances are eluted differentially. This elution is usually performed by increases in salt concentration or changes in pH. Most commonly, samples are eluted with salt (NaCl), using a gradient elution, as shown in Figure 1. Target proteins are concentrated during binding and collected in a purified, concentrated form.

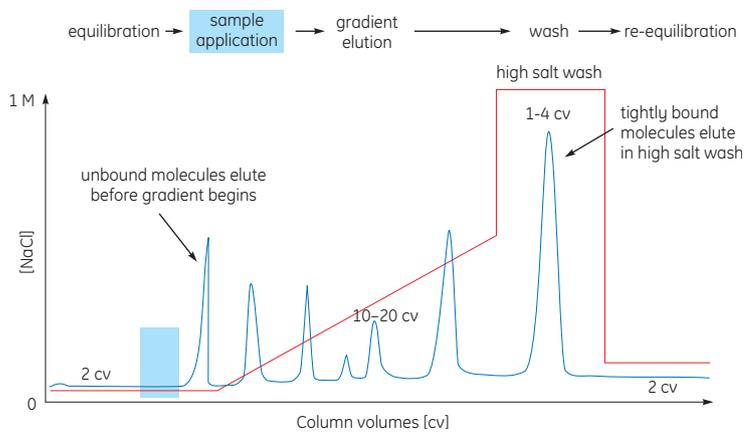


Fig 1. Typical IEX gradient elution.

Choice of ion exchanger

For most purifications it is recommended to begin with a strong exchanger to allow work over a broad pH range during method development.

Strong ion exchangers

Q (anion exchange), S or SP (cation exchange) are fully charged over a broad pH range (pH 2–12).

Weak ion exchangers

DEAE or ANX (anion exchange) and CM (cation exchange) are fully charged over a narrower pH range (pH 2–9, pH 3–10 and pH 6–10, respectively), but give alternative selectivities.

Media selection

HiTrap™ IEX Selection Kit, including seven different IEX media, is used for fast screening of IEX ligands and for method optimization.

See also *Ion Exchange Columns and Media Guide*, 18-1127-31.

Optimization parameters

1. Select ion exchanger.
2. Scout for optimum pH.
3. Select steepest gradient to give acceptable resolution at selected pH.
4. Select highest flow rate that maintains resolution and minimizes separation time.
5. For small scale sample clean up or large scale purifications, transfer to step elution to reduce separation times and buffer consumption, as shown in Figure 2. The different HiTrap IEX columns are ideal for small scale sample clean up.

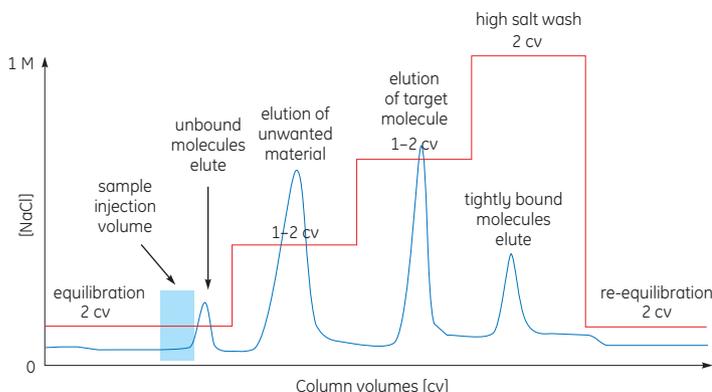


Fig 2. Typical IEX step elution.

Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography (HIC)

HIC separates proteins with differences in hydrophobicity. The separation is based on the reversible interaction between a protein and the hydrophobic surface of a chromatographic medium. This interaction is enhanced by high ionic strength buffer, which makes HIC an ideal "next step" for purification of proteins that have been precipitated with ammonium sulphate or eluted in high salt during IEX. Samples in high ionic strength solution (e.g., 1.5 M $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$) bind as they are loaded onto a column. Conditions are then altered so that the bound substances are eluted differentially. Elution is usually performed by decreases in salt concentration. Changes are made stepwise or with a continuously decreasing salt gradient. Most commonly, samples are eluted with a decreasing gradient of ammonium sulphate concentration. The key stages in a separation are shown in Figure 3. Target proteins are concentrated during binding and collected in a purified, concentrated form.

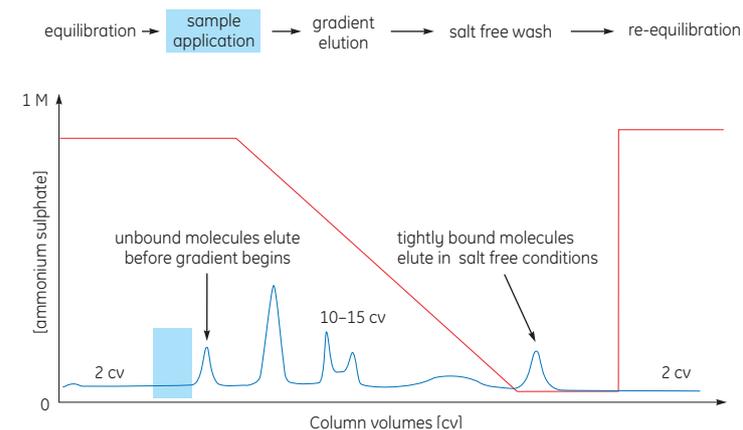


Fig 3. Typical HIC gradient elution.

Choice of hydrophobic ligand and media selection

The hydrophobicity of a protein is difficult to determine. It is recommended to screen for the most suitable media for each application using HiTrap HIC Selection Kit.

Available hydrophobic ligands vary according to their degree of hydrophobicity:

Increasing hydrophobicity →
ether → isopropyl → butyl → octyl → phenyl

Highly hydrophobic proteins bind tightly to highly hydrophobic ligands. Note that with HIC the chromatographic matrix as well as the hydrophobic ligand can affect selectivity.

Begin with a medium of low hydrophobicity if the sample is known to have hydrophobic components.

Select the medium that gives the best resolution and loading capacity at a low salt concentration.

See also *RPC & HIC Columns and Media Guide*, 18-1149-96.

Optimization parameters

1. Select medium.
2. Select optimum gradient to give acceptable resolution. For unknown samples begin with 0%B–100%B (0%B = 1 M ammonium sulphate).
3. Select highest flow rate that maintains resolution and minimizes separation time.
4. For large scale purifications, transfer to step elution to reduce separation times and buffer consumption, as shown in Figure 4.

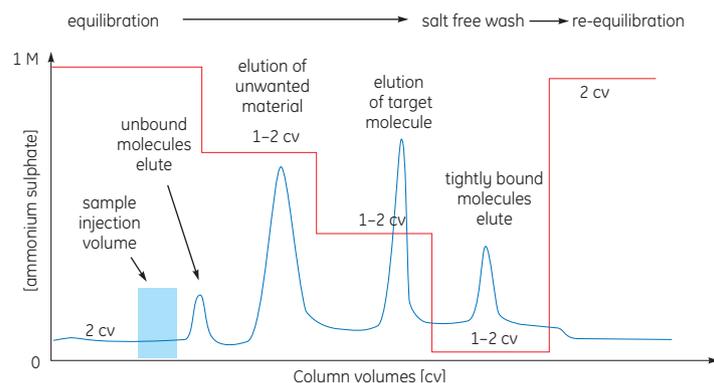


Fig 4. Typical HIC step elution.

Affinity Chromatography (AC)

AC separates proteins on the basis of a reversible interaction between a protein (or group of proteins) and a specific ligand attached to a chromatographic matrix. AC can be used whenever a suitable ligand is available.

The target protein(s) is specifically and reversibly bound by a complementary binding substance (ligand). The sample is applied under conditions that favor specific binding to the ligand. Unbound material is washed away, and the bound target protein is recovered by changing conditions to those favouring desorption. Elution is performed specifically, using a competitive ligand, or non specifically, by changing the pH, ionic strength or polarity. Proteins are concentrated during binding and collected in a purified, concentrated form. The key stages in a separation are shown in Figure 5.

One important application using AC is purification of tagged recombinant proteins, for example histidine-, GST-, MBP-, and/or Strep(III)-tagged.

AC may also be used to remove specific contaminants. For example, HiTrap Benzamide FF (high sub) removes trypsin-like serine proteases.

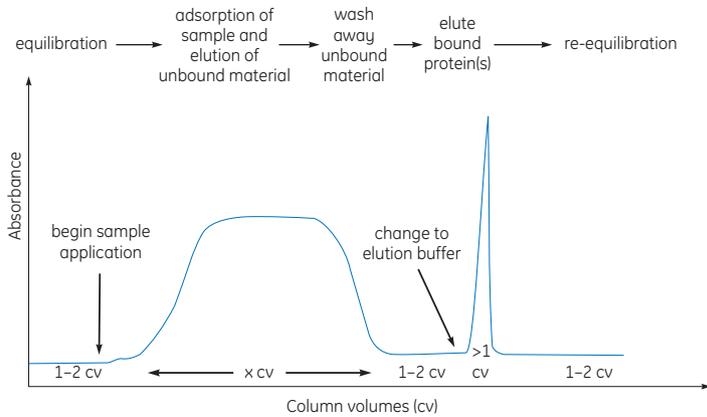


Fig 5. Typical affinity separation.

Media selection

Parameters such as scale of purification and commercial availability of affinity matrices should be considered when selecting affinity media.

HiTrap affinity columns are ideal for method optimization or small scale purification of target proteins using well-established protocols.

Affinity media can be prepared by coupling a ligand to a selected gel matrix. HiTrap NHS-activated HP is designed specifically to facilitate this process and is supplied with a recommended coupling procedure for coupling primary amines.

See also *Affinity Chromatography Columns and Media Guide*, 18-1121-86.

Optimization parameters

1. Select correct specificity for target protein.
2. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for binding or elution conditions.
3. Select optimum flow rate for sample application to achieve efficient binding.
4. Select optimum flow rate for elution to maximize recovery.
5. Select maximum flow rate for column re-equilibration to minimize run times.



Gel Filtration Chromatography (GF)

Gel filtration (size exclusion) chromatography separates proteins with differences in molecular size. Samples are eluted isocratically (single buffer, no gradient). Since buffer composition does not directly affect resolution, the buffer conditions can be varied to suit the sample type or the requirements for the next purification, analysis or storage step. Proteins are collected in purified form in the chosen buffer.

Sample clean up

Sephadex™ G-25, is ideal for rapid clean up of protein samples.

HiTrap Desalting columns (prepacked with Sephadex G-25) enable fast sample clean up in less than 5 minutes for sample volumes from 0.25 to 1.5 ml, as shown in Figure 6. To increase the maximum sample volume capacity to 3 ml simply connect two columns in series.

HiTrap Desalting columns are ideal for desalting, buffer exchange, and removal of salts, co-factors, labels or other small molecules.

Sample volumes up to 30% of total column volume are loaded when using gel filtration for desalting. The high sample volume gives a separation with minimal sample dilution. Larger sample volumes can be applied but resolution will be reduced.

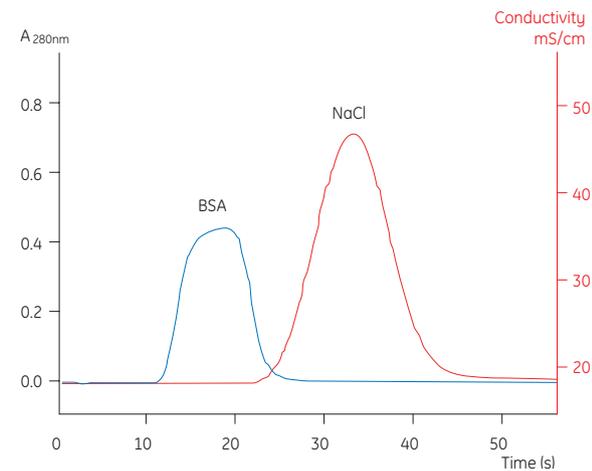


Fig 6. Typical desalting separation.

High resolution separations

For high resolution separations the technique should be used when sample volumes have been minimized. Figure 7 shows a typical high resolution gel filtration separation.

Media selection

Refer to *Gel Filtration Columns and Media Guide*, 18-1124-19.

Optimization parameters for high resolution separations

1. Select medium that gives the best separation of target proteins from contaminants.
2. Select the highest flow rate that maintains resolution and minimizes separation time. Lower flow rates improve resolution of high molecular weight components, whereas faster flow rates may improve resolution of low molecular weight components.
3. Determine the maximum sample volume that can be loaded without significant reduction in resolution (sample volume should be 0.5 to 5% of total column volume).
4. To improve resolution further, increase column length by connecting two columns in series.

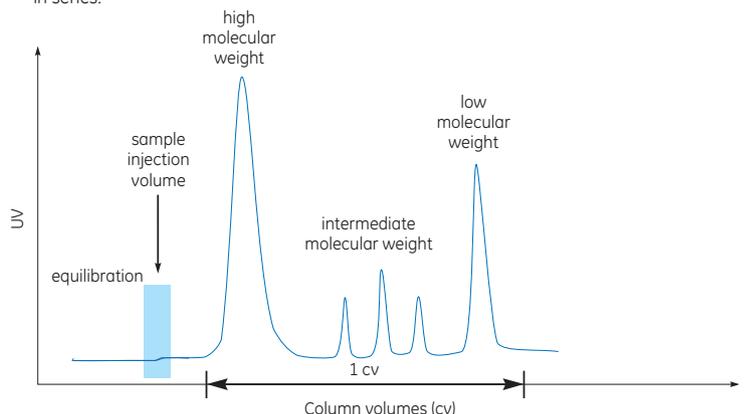


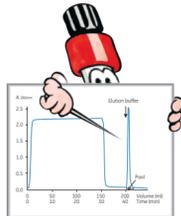
Fig 7. Typical high resolution GF separation.

Convenient Protein Purification HiTrap Columns

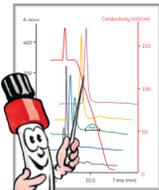
Simple protein purification



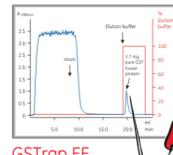
High throughput and scale-up



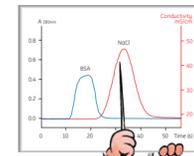
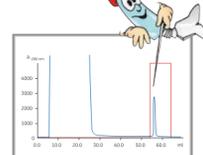
HiTrap rProtein A FF
Sample: Cell culture supernatant containing IgG



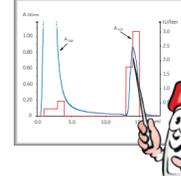
HiTrap IEX Selection Kit
Sample: Ribonuclease A, human apo-transferrin, α-lactalbumin, media selection



HiTrap HP
Sample: Approx. 12 mg histidine-tagged protein in *E. coli* extract



HiTrap Benzamidine FF (high sub)
Sample: Human plasma



HiTrap IEX Selection Kit
Sample: Ribonuclease A, human apo-transferrin, α-lactalbumin, media selection

Sample clean-up in less than 5 minutes



Automated purification



	HiTrap columns/kits	Code No.	Quantity/components	Maximum operating flow rate	Approximate binding capacity per ml media	Applications	
Affinity	Affinity / Isolation of immunoglobulins						
	HiTrap MabSelect™	28-4082-53	5 × 1 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgG ~30 mg/ml	Purification of monoclonal IgG for fast purifications from large sample volumes. Prepared with MabSelect.	
	HiTrap MabSelect SuRe™	28-4082-55 28-4082-56	1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	20 ml/min	Human IgG ~30 mg/ml	Purification of monoclonal IgG with the possibility to perform Cleaning-in-Place (CIP) between runs with 0.1 to 0.5 M NaOH. Prepared with MabSelect SuRe medium that has an alkali-stabilized protein A ligand.	
	HiTrap MabSelect Xtra™	11-0034-93 11-0034-94 11-0034-95	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgG ~40 mg/ml	Purification of monoclonal IgG for fast purifications from large sample volumes. Prepared with MabSelect Xtra giving increased dynamic binding capacity.	
	HiTrap rProtein A FF	28-4082-58 28-4082-60 28-4082-61	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgG ~50 mg/ml	Monoclonal and polyclonal IgG from ascites fluid, serum and cell culture supernatant IgG classes, fragments and subclasses.	
	HiTrap Protein A HP	17-5079-01 17-5079-02 17-5080-01 17-5080-02	5 × 1 ml 2 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	20 ml/min	Human IgG ~20 mg/ml	Monoclonal and polyclonal IgG from ascites fluid, serum and cell culture supernatant IgG classes, fragments and subclasses.	
	HiTrap Protein G HP	17-0402-01 17-0402-03 17-0403-01 17-0403-03	5 × 1 ml 2 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgG 25 mg/ml	Monoclonal and polyclonal IgG from ascites fluid, serum and cell culture supernatant IgG classes, fragments and subclasses including human IgG; strong affinity to monoclonal mouse IgG, and rat IgG.	
	MabTrap™ Kit	17-0404-01 17-0404-03 17-0405-01 17-0405-03	5 × 1 ml 2 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgG 25 mg/ml	Monoclonal and polyclonal IgG from ascites fluid, serum and cell culture supernatant IgG classes, fragments and subclasses.	
	HiTrap Igy Purification HP	17-1128-01	HiTrap Protein G HP column (1 × 1 ml), accessories, pre-made buffers	4 ml/min	Human IgG 25 mg/ml	Monoclonal and polyclonal IgG from ascites fluid, serum and cell culture supernatant IgG classes, fragments and subclasses.	
	HiTrap Igm Purification HP	17-5111-01	1 × 5 ml	20 ml/min	IgY 20 mg/ml	IgY from egg yolk.	
	HiTrap Igm Purification HP	17-5110-01	5 × 1 ml	4 ml/min	Human IgM 5 mg/ml	Monoclonal and human IgM.	
	Affinity / Isolation of tagged proteins						
	HiTrap™ HP	17-5247-01 17-5247-05 17-5248-01 17-5248-02 17-5248-05	5 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) at least 40 mg/ml	Histidine-tagged proteins. HiTrap HP columns are prepared with Ni Sepharose™ High Performance, a Ni ²⁺ precharged medium. Optimized for high performance purifications of histidine-tagged proteins.	
	HiTrap FF	17-5319-01 17-5319-02 17-5255-01 17-5255-02	5 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) ~40 mg/ml	Histidine-tagged proteins. HiTrap FF columns are prepared with Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow, a Ni ²⁺ precharged medium. Optimized for large sample volumes and scale-up.	
	HiTrap FF crude	11-0004-58 11-0004-59 17-5286-01 17-5286-02	5 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) ~40 mg/ml	Histidine-tagged protein. HiTrap FF crude columns are prepared with Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow and optimized for direct loading of sonicated unclarified cell lysate without any sample pretreatment such as centrifugation and filtration.	
	HiTrap FF crude Kit	17-5318-06	HiTrap FF crude columns (3 × 1 ml), accessories, pre-made buffers	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) at least 40 mg/ml	Histidine-tagged proteins. HiTrap FF crude columns are prepared with Ni Sepharose 6 Fast Flow.	
	HiTrap Chelating HP (see below)						
	HiTrap IMAC HP (see below)						
	HiTrap IMAC FF (see below)						
	GSTrap™ HP	17-5281-01 17-5281-05 17-5282-01 17-5282-02 17-5282-05	5 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	GST-tagged protein (M, 63 000) ~10 mg/ml	Glutathione S-transferase (GST) tagged proteins produced using the pGEX series of expression vectors, other glutathione S-transferases and glutathione-dependent proteins. Prepared with Glutathione Sepharose High Performance.	
	GSTrap FF	17-5130-01 17-5130-02 17-5130-05 17-5131-01 17-5131-02 17-5131-05	5 × 1 ml 2 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	~10 mg GST/ml GST-tagged protein (M, 43 000) ~10 mg/ml	Glutathione S-transferase (GST) tagged proteins produced using the pGEX series of expression vectors, other glutathione S-transferases and glutathione-dependent proteins. Prepared with Glutathione Sepharose 6 Fast Flow.	
	GSTrap 4B	28-4017-45 28-4017-46 28-4017-47 28-4017-48 28-4017-49	5 × 1 ml 100 × 1 ml* 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	1 ml/min	~10 mg GST/ml	Glutathione S-transferase (GST) tagged proteins produced using the pGEX series of expression vectors, other glutathione S-transferases and glutathione-dependent proteins. Prepared with Glutathione Sepharose 4B.	
	MBPTrap™ HP	28-9187-78 28-9187-79 28-9187-80	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	MBP-tagged protein (M, ~70 000, multimer in solution) ~7 mg/ml medium MBP-tagged protein (M, ~158 000, multimer in solution) ~16 mg/ml medium	Purification of MBP (Maltose Binding Protein)-tagged proteins. Prepared HiTrap columns with Dextrin Sepharose High Performance. Optimized for high performance purifications of MBP-tagged proteins.	
	StrepTrap™ HP	28-9075-46 28-9075-47 28-9075-48	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	StreptII-tagged protein (M, 37 400) ~6 mg/ml medium	Purification of StreptII-tagged proteins. Prepared HiTrap columns with StrepTactin™ Sepharose High Performance. Optimized for high performance purifications of StreptII-tagged proteins.	
	HiTrap Streptavidin HP	28-9075-48 17-5112-01	5 × 5 ml 5 × 1 ml	4 ml/min	Biotinylated BSA 6 mg/ml	Biotin and biotinylated molecules, such as biotin-tagged fusion proteins, Strep-tagged proteins.	
Affinity / Group specific media							
HiTrap IMAC HP	17-0920-03 17-0920-05	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) ~40 mg/ml	Optimization of purification of histidine-tagged proteins with usage of other metal ions than Ni ²⁺ . HiTrap IMAC HP is prepacked with IMAC Sepharose High Performance.		
HiTrap IMAC FF	17-0921-02 17-0921-04	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 43 000) ~40 mg/ml	Optimization of purification of histidine-tagged proteins with usage of other metal ions than Ni ²⁺ . HiTrap IMAC FF is prepacked with IMAC Sepharose 6 Fast Flow.		
HiTrap Chelating HP	17-0408-01 17-0409-01 17-0409-03 17-0409-05	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml 5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	4 ml/min	(Histidyl)-tagged protein (M, 27 600) ~12 mg/ml	Proteins and peptides with exposed amino acids: His (Cys, Trp, e.g. α ₂ -macroglobulin and interferon, histidine-tagged proteins. Optimizing purification of histidine-tagged proteins by charging with different metal ions.		
GSTrap HP (see above)							
GSTrap FF (see above)							
GSTrap 4B (see above)							
HiTrap Blue HP	17-0412-01 17-0413-01	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	HSA (M, 68 000) 20 mg/ml	Albumin, nucleotide requiring enzymes, coagulation factors.		
HiTrap Streptavidin HP	17-5112-01	5 × 1 ml	4 ml/min	Biotinylated BSA 6 mg/ml	Biotin and biotinylated molecules, such as biotin-tagged proteins.		
HiTrap Heparin HP	17-0406-01 17-0407-01	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Antithrombin III (bovine) ~3 mg/ml	Antithrombin III and other coagulation factors, lipoprotein lipases, DNA binding proteins, protein synthesis factors.		
HiTrap Benzamidine FF (high sub)	17-5143-01 17-5143-02 17-5144-01	5 × 1 ml 2 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	≥ 35 mg trypsin/ml	Trypsin and trypsin-like serine proteases (e.g., thrombin and factor Xa).		
Affinity / Matrix for preparation of affinity media							
HiTrap NHS-activated HP	17-0716-01 17-0717-01	5 × 1 ml 1 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Ligand specific	For coupling of primary amines.		
IEX	IEX						
	HiTrap IEX Selection Kit	17-6002-33	7 × 1 ml columns HiTrap Q FF, HiTrap SP FF, HiTrap DEAE FF, HiTrap CM FF, HiTrap ANX FF (high sub), HiTrap Q XL, HiTrap SP XL	4 ml/min	As listed below	Media selection, method scouting.	
	HiTrap Q FF	17-5053-01 17-5156-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	HSA (M, 68 000) 120 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.	
	HiTrap SP FF	17-5054-01 17-5157-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Ribonuclease A (M, 13 700) 70 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.	
	HiTrap DEAE FF	17-5055-01 17-5154-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	HSA (M, 68 000) 110 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.	
	HiTrap CM FF	17-5056-01 17-5155-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Ribonuclease A (M, 13 700) 50 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.	
	HiTrap ANX FF (high sub)	17-5162-01 17-5163-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	BSA (M, 67 000) 43 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, particularly useful for separation of high molecular mass proteins.	
	HiTrap Q XL	17-5158-01 17-5159-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	BSA (M, 67 000) >130 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, in certain applications very high loading capacity.	
	HiTrap SP XL	17-5160-01 17-5161-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Lysozyme (M, 14 300) >160 mg/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, in certain applications very high loading capacity.	
	HiTrap Q HP	17-1153-01 17-1154-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	HSA (M, 68 000) 50 mg/ml	Small scale, high resolution separation of sample.	
	HiTrap SP HP	17-1151-01 17-1152-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Ribonuclease A (M, 13 700) 55 mg/ml	Small scale, high resolution separation of sample.	
	HiTrap Capto™ Q	11-0013-02 11-0013-03	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Minimum 100 mg BSA/ml (10% breakthrough, 1 min residence time)	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate.	
	HiTrap Capto ViralQ	28-9078-09	5 × 5 ml	20 ml/min	Minimum 100 mg BSA/ml (10% breakthrough, 1 min residence time) Ovalbumin (M, 67 000) 90 mg	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate. HiTrap Capto ViralQ is in all respects identical to HiTrap Capto Q, but in addition it provides a license to be used for virus purification as described in the section 'License statement'.	
	HiTrap Capto DEAE	28-9165-37 28-9165-40	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Minimum 120 mg lysozyme/ml medium (10% breakthrough, 1 min residence time)	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate.	
	HiTrap Capto S	17-5441-22 17-5441-23	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Minimum 120 mg lysozyme/ml medium (10% breakthrough, 1 min residence time)	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate.	
	HiTrap Capto MMC	11-0032-73 11-0032-75	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	BSA (M, 67 000) >45 mg at 30 ml/cm	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate. Capto MMC is a multimodal cation exchanger that gives different selectivity compared with traditional ion exchangers.	
	HiTrap Capto adhere	28-4058-44 28-4058-46	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	Not available	Fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up, high binding capacity at high flow rate. HiTrap Capto adhere is a multimodal anion exchanger that gives different selectivity compared with traditional ion exchangers.	
	HIC	HIC					
		HiTrap HIC Selection Kit	11-0034-53	7 × 1 ml columns HiTrap Phenyl FF (high sub), HiTrap Phenyl FF (low sub), HiTrap Phenyl HP, HiTrap Octyl FF, HiTrap Butyl FF, HiTrap Butyl-S FF, HiTrap Butyl HP	4 ml/min	Ligand densities as listed below	Media selection, method scouting.
		HiTrap Phenyl FF (high sub)	17-1355-01 17-1353-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	40 μmol/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.
		HiTrap Phenyl FF (low sub)	17-1355-01 17-5194-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	25 μmol/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.
		HiTrap Phenyl HP	17-1351-01 17-5195-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	25 μmol/ml	Small scale, high resolution separation of sample.
		HiTrap Butyl FF	17-1357-01 17-5197-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	40 μmol/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.
		HiTrap Butyl-S FF	17-0978-13 17-0978-14	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	10 μmol/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.
		HiTrap Butyl HP	28-4110-01 28-4110-05	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	25 μmol/ml	Small scale, fast separation of sample, ideal for scale-up.
HiTrap Octyl FF		17-1359-01 17-5196-01	5 × 1 ml 5 × 5 ml	4 ml/min	5 μmol/ml	Small scale, high resolution separation of sample.	
GF		Desalting					
	HiTrap Desalting	17-1408-01 11-0003-29	5 × 5 ml 100 × 5 ml*	15 ml/min	Sample loading capacity: 1.5 ml (non-binding technique)	Separation by size (biomolecules M, > 5 000).	

For contact information for your local office,
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GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences AB

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imagination at work

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A license for the commercial use of GST gene fusion vectors must be obtained from Chemicon International Incorporated, 28820 Single Oak Drive, Temecula, CA 92590, USA.

Separating viral particles with Capto Q products may require a license under United States patent 6,537,793 B2 and foreign equivalents owned by Centelion SAS. Such a license is not included with the purchase of Capto Q but is included with the purchase of Capto ViralQ products.

With the purchase of Capto ViralQ the customer is granted a free limited license under US patent 6,537,793 B2 and foreign equivalents owned by Centelion SAS to separate viral particles solely through use of the product purchased.

Purification and preparation of fusion proteins and affinity peptides comprising at least two adjacent histidine residues may require a license under US pat 5,284,933 and US pat 5,310,663, including corresponding foreign patents (assignee: Hoffman La Roche, Inc).

StrepTrap HP has been manufactured by GE Healthcare and contains Strep-Tactin, manufactured by IBA GmbH, which has been immobilized to GE Healthcare's chromatography media. Strep-Tactin is covered by US patent number 6,103,493 and equivalent patents and patent applications in other countries. The purchase of StrepTrap HP includes a license under such patents limited to internal use, but not re-sale. Please contact IBA for further information on licenses for commercial use of Strep-Tactin.

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